How Wood MFL Spanish Language Skills Progression



| | By the end of their first year of Spanish pupils have had opportunities to: | By the end of their second year of Spanish pupils have had opportunities to: | By the end of their third year of Spanish pupils have had opportunities to: | By the end of their fourth year of Spanish pupils have had opportunities to: |
|---------------------------------------|--|---|---|---|
| Oracy Speaking and Listening | Listen, repeat and begin to understand key words from authentic language like songs rhymes and stories. Demonstrate understanding with non-verbal response, with or without support. | Listen to, and understand short sentences and a wider range of songs, rhymes, stories and TL about familiar themes. Demonstrate understanding with short verbal response, increasingly without support. | Listen to and understand longer sentences from authentic language sometimes containing new words. i.e understand cartoons increasingly without support. | Listen understand and respond to short passages sometimes containing new words in authentic language. i.e. understand and respond to fairy tales independently. |
| | Respond to simple questions. | Respond to and ask simple questions. | Respond and ask a number of questions in sequence to hold a short conversation. | Respond and ask a wider range of questions in turn to hold a conversation. |
| | Express own likes and dislikes with word or short phrase. | Express own and others' likes and dislikes. Understand opinion of others. | Understand and express opinions giving justifications. | Understand and express a wider range of opinions giving justifications. |
| | Produce simple sentences with support. Begin to use TL to ask for help spontaneously. | Produce simple sentences with or without support. Begin to understand and use high frequency TL. | Use pupil TL possibly with some improvisation. | Use pupil TL frequently and well possibly with some improvisation. |
| | Name things to give information. (Can be in unison) | Name and describe things to give information. | Give a short presentation or explanation using wider range of phrases on a given topic. | Give a short presentation or explanation with reasonable confidence on a range of topics. |
| | Understand that sounds of TL and spelling may differ from English. | Use intonation to form questions in TL. | Use phonic awareness when reading TL out loud. | Understand how to form sentences in TL. Speak with good pronunciation and confidence. |

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| Literacy Reading And Writing | Read and understand familiar words in TL. | Read and understand phrases and decode simple sentences in TL. | Read, understand, respond and perform a wider range of oral texts in TL on familiar and unfamiliar topics. | Read a range of texts with some unfamiliar language independently. Demonstrate understanding and respond. |
| | Identify cognates. | Use simple reading strategies to decode sentences in TL. | Read and understand more complex sentences, picking out the key information from short passages in the TL. | Decode longer texts in TL by using a range of reading strategies. |
| | Use a glossary to check meaning. | Use a bilingual dictionary to find out meanings of unfamiliar words. | Use a bilingual dictionary to find out meaning of unfamiliar words. Use a range of reading strategies. | Use a bilingual dictionary to find out meaning of unfamiliar words. |
| | Recognise familiar stories in TL using simple reading strategies like picture cues and pick out some words. | Recognise different types of writing, i.e. a recipe, story or poem, using reading strategies like format and picking out phrases. | Adapt texts (stories) to create new sentences and their own piece with support. | Read and demonstrate understanding of key language increasingly without support. i.e. reply to letters. |
| | Use familiar words to label and sometimes create short sentences. | Use familiar words to create short sentences with scaffolding. | Produce longer sentences using familiar and unfamiliar language with support. | Produce longer sentences using familiar and unfamiliar language increasingly without support. |
| | Write words from memory with recognisable spelling. | Write simple phrases from memory with recognisable spelling. | Adapt language from memory to make new sentences. | Adapt language from memory to make complex sentences. |
| | Use familiar language to produce written work with given format. i.e. simple picture book. (words and phrases with support.) | Use familiar language to produce written work in different formats, diary, story and poems. (phrases with and without support.) | Produce written work in different formats, i.e. letters, leaflets and stories. | Produce written work in different formats, i.e. letters, playscripts and brochures. |

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| Grammar and Phonics | find out that sounds and spellings in TL may differ from English | Associate certain phonemes with graphemes in TL | Use nouns, verbs and adjectives with increasing accuracy to add detail. | Use nouns, verbs and adjectives with increasing accuracy to add detail. |
| | Can copy sounds of TL with some accuracy. | Use intonation when asking questions. | Use connectives to form extended sentences. | Use connectives to form extended sentences. |
| | Understand parts of speech – nouns verbs and adjectives in TL with support | Understand parts of speech – nouns verbs and adjectives in TL with and without support | Conjugate regular high frequency verbs in present tense and other high frequency irregular verbs with support. | Conjugate regular high frequency verbs in present tense and other high frequency irregular verbs independently. |
| | Produce sentences that show emerging grammatical understanding with support | Produce sentences that show emerging grammatical understanding without support | Use negative form | Use negative form |
| | Understand similarities and differences between TL and English, i.e. gender of nouns, and formation of plural nouns. | Understand similarities and differences between TL and English, i.e. gender of nouns, adjectival agreement and position, formation of plural nouns. | Relate and compare English and TL grammar by recognising cognates or near cognates. | Relate and compare English and TL grammar by recognising cognates or near cognates. Begin to transcribe words or parts of words as phonetic knowledge develops. |